



## SEMINAR SENINAN DEPARTEMEN FISIKA FSAD ITS TAHUN KE-20

Seminar : A7

Narasumber: Prof. Suasmoro

**Bentuk** : Offline **Tempat/Link** : Teater B

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## JUDUL:

## MAGNETIC IMPREGNATION ON K<sub>0.5</sub>Na<sub>0.5</sub>NbO<sub>3</sub> THROUGH MULTIFERROIC DOPING

## Abstrak:

The  $(K_{0.5}Na_{0.5})$  NbO3 composition was prepared through solid-state reaction while doping material BiFeO3 through the sol-gel self-combustion method. The magnetic impregnation occurred in conjunction with dopant dissolve into the matrix, the method adopts standard procedure of ceramic processing, calcination at  $575^{\circ}C$  for 6 hours, then sintering at  $1100^{\circ}C$  for 2 hours. The characterization includes X-ray diffraction (XRD), X-ray spectroscopy (XAS), and superconducting quantum interference device (SQUID) magnetometer. The crystal structure of the studied material was tetragonal at room temperature. XANES Fe K-edge analysis revealed that the absorption energies consist of quadrupole transition  $1s \rightarrow 3d$  ( $t_{2g}$  and  $e_g$ ) and dipole transition  $1s \rightarrow 4p$  ( $p_{\pi}$  and  $p_{\sigma}$ ). These energies were higher than that of  $Fe_2O_3$  suggesting the oxidation state of Fe was a mixture of 3+ and 4+, thereby creating defects in the structure  $Fe_{Nb}^{"}$ ,  $Fe_{Nb}^{'}$  and influencing magnetization. The diamagnetic ( $K_{0.5}Na_{0.5}$ ) NbO3 becomes para-ferromagnetic after dopant BiFeO3 dissolved in the matrix. It is believed that the origin of the magnetic moment is 3d unpair electrons of Fe occupied in octahedron BO6 and influenced by the existence of interaction  $Fe^{3+}$ - $O^{2-}$ - $Fe^{4+}$  of side by side octahedron.